Aquarium Webcam Resource Kit
Lesson Outline “Sensational Sharks”
3rd-5th Grade

Next Generation Science Standards:
• 3-LS4-3 Construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all.
• 4-LS1-1 Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction.
• 4-LS1-2 Use a model to describe that animals receive different types of information through their senses, process the information in their brain, and respond to the information in different ways.
• 5-ESS3-1 Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth’s resources and environment.

Supplies:
• “Sensational Sharks” video
• Ocean Ranger Worksheets
• Computer & projector to show Shark Lagoon Webcam: http://www.aquariumofpacific.org/exhibits/webcams

Step 1: Discussion
• How do our bodies collect information about the world around us? Senses
• What are our five senses?
• Do all animals sense the same way?
• Today we will learn about shark adaptations, including senses.

Step 2: Play “Sensational Sharks” Video

Step 3: Shark Lagoon Webcam & Ocean Ranger Worksheet
• Watch the Shark Lagoon webcam to fill out the Ocean Ranger “Sensational Sharks” worksheet.
• Worksheet Directions
  o What do you notice? Record your shark observations.
  o What are you curious about? List questions you have from these observations.
Shark Diversity: Compare two sharks and record similarities and differences. Why do you think some sharks have different adaptations?

Match the shark teeth to prey (Answers)

- Bat Ray- Flat Crushing Teeth- Hard Shelled Animals
- Leopard Shark- Small Sharp Teeth- Small Fish & Shelled Animals
- Great White Shark- Serrated Teeth- Large Fish & Seal/ Sea Lions
- Sand Tiger Shark- Long Pointed Teeth- Medium Fish & Squid

Step 4: Shark Conservation

- Prompt:
  - Why is it important to conserve sharks?
    - Sharks are essential to the health of our oceans, keeping a balanced food web. Sharks need our help!
    - The planet is losing millions of sharks per year due to overfishing (fishing at rates faster than a fish species can replace its numbers).
  - How can we protect sharks?
    - In order to protect sharks, research conducted by scientists gives us information on estimated number of a shark species, types of habitats, food they need, and what types of threats they face. This information is then used to make better decisions to conserve sharks (see resources below to supplement).
    - One way to protect sharks is to protect the habitat they live in. Marine Protected Areas are like underwater parks, providing safe areas for marine animals like sharks to thrive. They can be found in many places around the country.

- Have students create a shark conservation poster to educate their family and friends.
- Use the resources below to further investigate Marine Protected Areas, follow tagged great white sharks, and learn more about shark conservation.

Resources

- Ocearch: Interactive website provides information on tagged great white sharks for research. [http://www.ocearch.org/#Home](http://www.ocearch.org/#Home)
- Find out more about sharks at the Aquarium of the Pacific’s On-line Learning Center: [http://www.aquariumofpacific.org/onlinelearningcenter](http://www.aquariumofpacific.org/onlinelearningcenter)